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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DAT	re	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/001,761	10/31/2001		Thomas C. Amon	EVU-02-PUSA	5829
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	KAGUCHI & I	EDELMAN, BRADLEY E			
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DATE MAILED: 09/13/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.



	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/001,761	AMON ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Bradley Edelman	2153
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap	ppears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address
Period for Reply  A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailie earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status  1) □ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19. 2a) □ This action is FINAL. 2b) □ Th  3) □ Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under  Disposition of Claims  4) □ Claim(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdress  5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed.	. 136(a). In no event, however, may a ply within the statutory minimum of this d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO te, cause the application to become A ing date of this communication, even in action is non-final.  Significant in the statutory minimum of this distribution is action in the state of t	reply be timely filed  rty (30) days will be considered timely.  NTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  f timely filed, may reduce any  tters, prosecution as to the merits is
6) Claim(s) 1-11 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement.	
Application Papers  9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examir  10)☒ The drawing(s) filed on 31 October 2001 is/ar  Applicant may not request that any objection to th  Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre  11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	e: a)⊠ accepted or b)☐ o e drawing(s) be held in abeya ction is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burents.</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list</li> </ul>	nts have been received.  Its have been received in a corrective ority documents have been au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No n received in this National Stage
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/06)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

This Office action is in response to Applicant's remarks made in a response filed on July 19, 2004. In a telephone interview with the Examiner, Applicant pointed out that the affidavits filed on June 16, 2003 were not considered in Examiner's previous Office action. Examiner agrees, and will discuss the affidavits below. Because of Examiner's oversight, this Office action is non-final. Claims 1-11 are presented for examination. Note that this application is a continuation of application no. 08/912,991, which has been abandoned.

## Response to Amendment

1. The Affidavits filed on June 19, 2003 under 37 CFR 1.131 have been considered but are ineffective to overcome the Shi reference (U.S. Patent No. 5,875,296, filed January 28, 1997).

The Affidavits contain an insufficient showing of facts to establish reduction to practice prior to the effective date of the Shi reference. According to 37 CFR 1.131(b), "the showing of facts shall be such, in character and weight, as to establish reduction to practice prior to the effective date of the reference..." wherein "original exhibits of drawings or records, or photocopies thereof, must accompany and form part of the affidavit or declaration or their absence satisfactorily explained." Applicant has failed to comply with this requirement, for the following reasons:

a. The language of the Affidavit filed by Thomas C. Amon ("Applicant") does not clearly state that the invention was actually reduced to practice prior to the Shi

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reference. For instance, paragraph 7 of the Affidavit describes that "the demonstration would cause an HTML advertisement to appear..." and "the advertisement would appear..." (emphasis added). This does not clearly show that the steps discussed were actually demonstrated to Mr. Haraldsvik, and also does not clearly show that the actual computer program of the claimed invention was run. In addition, the paragraph later states "further, I was able to demonstrate if a user submitted a second request...."

Again, this does not clearly prove that the actual computer program embodying the claimed invention was run – it merely describes that a demonstration was made. Such a demonstration could consist of a simple explanation of how the invention is intended to work.

- b. The Affidavit filed by Ronny Haraldsvik does not clear up the ambiguous statements made in Applicant's affidavit, and also does not clearly show reduction to practice of the claimed invention. For instance, the same language of "the demonstration would cause," and "the advertisement would appear," is used. See paragraph 6. Paragraph 6 also states, "further, it was explained that if a request was submitted for the same HTML page...." This language suggests that no physical demonstration of that aspect of the invention was actually made, but instead, it was only explained to Mr. Haraldsvik.
- c. Applicant's submission contains no original exhibits of drawings or records
   that establish reduction to practice of the claimed invention.
- i. In addition to the two affidavits, Applicant has submitted a reciprocal nondisclosure agreement signed by Mr. Haraldsvik on September 5, 1996. Aside from

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the fact that this reciprocal agreement does not clearly name Applicant as a party and is not signed by him, the reciprocal nondisclosure agreement makes no reference to the actual invention, and thus contains no evidence in itself regarding reduction to practice.

Furthermore, the affidavits describe certain documents, such as a ii. magazine with notes, and a computer program, but no such evidence has been supplied. For instance, no software code or pseudo-code has been supplied with regard to the claimed invention. Applicant's affidavit states that Applicant does not have a copy of the original code "because the code has changed many times since then." Although 37 CFR 1.131(b) provides that original exhibits or records needn't be supplied if "their absence [is] satisfactorily explained," the statement that the code has changed over time is not a satisfactory explanation of a failure to supply it. Applicant should be able to submit a copy of the code, pseudo-code, or related notes, if not as they existed on September 5, 1996, at least as they existed prior to the filing date of the Shi reference. The fact that the invention changed since the demonstration of the original code is not a sufficient reason for failing to supply this evidence. Instead, the fact that the code changed since the original code actually clouds the issue of how much of the invention as filed on August 11, 1997 was actually reduced to practice as of September 5, 1996. The only evidence supplied by Applicant to attempt to clarify the issue are the unclear statements made in 2002 regarding a demonstration made 6 years earlier by Applicant to Mr. Haraldsvik. These are not sufficient to establish reduction to practice prior to the filing date of the Shi reference.

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d. The two affidavits combined with the non-disclosure agreement, which constitute all of the evidence supplied by Applicant, do not map to the invention as claimed, and thus do not establish reduction to practice of the invention as claimed. Note that all of the independent claims cite "delivering information across a computer network," and require a "provider-selected message." Furthermore, claims 2-4, 8, 10, and 11 describe a "server." The affidavits and the non-disclosure agreement all fail to mention the use or demonstration of a computer network, or a provider-selected message, or a server in the original code of the invention. In fact, the affidavit submitted by Mr. Haraldsvik explicitly states that the demonstration was given "using a standalone laptop computer without Internet access." See paragraph 4. Thus, the statements as submitted, even if they were supported with additional corroborating evidence would not be sufficient to show that the claimed invention was reduced to practice on the date of September 5, 1996.

For these reasons, the Affidavits filed under 37 CFR 1.131 are not sufficient to establish priority over the Shi reference, and the claims are rejected for the reasons stated below.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

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(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

2. Claims 1-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Shi et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,875,296, hereinafter "Shi").

In considering claim 1, Shi discloses a method of delivering information across a computer network, comprising the steps of:

Receiving a request from a client program for user-selected information (col. 8, lines 16-18, wherein a server receives an HTTP request from a client browser); and

Transmitting provider-selected information ("login HTML form") in response to the request if no qualifying provider-selected message ("cookie," col. 6, lines 54-55) has been previously transmitted to the client program (col. 8, lines 26-33, wherein if no "cookie" has been transmitted from the provider to the client, then the provider transmits provider-selected login HTML form to the client).

In considering claim 2, claim 2 presents an apparatus for performing the same method as described in claim 1, wherein a server performs the receiving and transmitting steps. Shi discloses this server ("server"), and thus, claim 2 is rejected for the same reasons as claim 1.

In considering claim 3, Shi discloses a method of delivering information across a computer network, comprising the steps of:

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Receiving a request from a client program for user-selected information (col. 8, lines 16-18, wherein a server receives an HTTP request from a client browser); and

Transmitting provider-selected information ("login HTML form") in response to the request if no qualifying provider-selected message ("cookie," col. 6, lines 54-55) has been transmitted to the client program within at least one provider-selected interval (col. 8, lines 26-33; col. 9, lines 3-8; col. 7, lines 16-20, wherein if no updated "cookie" has been transmitted from the provider to the client before the provider-selected expiration date of the previous cookie, then the previous cookie is expired, and the provider transmits a provider-selected login HTML form to the client).

In considering claim 4, claim 4 presents an apparatus for performing the same method as described in claim 3, wherein a server performs the receiving and transmitting steps. Shi discloses this server ("server"), and thus, claim 4 is rejected for the same reasons as claim 3.

In considering claim 5, Shi further discloses that the request from the client program is by means of the HTTP ("HTTP request," col. 8, line 16).

In considering claim 6, Shi further discloses transmitting the user-selected information if a qualifying provider-selected message has been previously transmitted to the client program (col. 9, lines 3-8, wherein if a cookie has already been transmitted to the client program, it is used to retrieve the Web document requested).

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In considering claim 7, Shi discloses a method of delivering information across a computer network, comprising the steps of:

Receiving a request from a client program for user-selected information (col. 8, lines 16-18, wherein a server receives an HTTP request from a client browser); and

Transmitting provider-selected information ("login HTML form") in response to the request if no qualifying provider-selected message ("cookie," col. 6, lines 54-55) has been previously transmitted to the client program (col. 8, lines 26-33, wherein if no "cookie" has been transmitted from the provider to the client, then the provider transmits provider-selected login HTML form to the client);

The provider-selected information causing the client program to transmit a second request for user-selected information (col. 8, line 32 – col. 9, line 7, wherein the transmission of the login form to the client causes the client browser to later submit the filled in form, which, after authentication is complete, serves as the second request for the data).

In considering claim 8, claim 8 presents an apparatus for performing the same method as described in claim 7, wherein a server performs the receiving and transmitting steps. Shi discloses this server ("server"), and thus, claim 8 is rejected for the same reasons as claim 7.

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In considering claim 9, Shi further discloses transmitting the requested user-selected information in response to the second request for user-selected information (col. 9, lines 3-8).

In considering claim 10, Shi discloses a method for delivering information across a computer network comprising the steps of:

Receiving an HTTP GET request from a client program for user-selected information (col. 8, lines 16-17);

Transmitting from a server a provider-selected information ("login HTML form") in response to the HTTP GET request (col. 8, lines 32-33);

The provider-selected message causing the client program to transmit an HTTP POST request (i.e. the form on the browser is filled out and transmitted back to the server); and

Transmitting the user-selected information in response to the HTTP POST request (col. 8, line 34 – col. 9, line 8, wherein the information is sent to the client after the authentication procedure is complete).

In considering claim 11, Shi further discloses that the HTTP POST request includes a referrer header containing a URL for the server (col. 8, lines 33-46, wherein the POST request is sent to the server, and therefore contains its URL).

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### Conclusion

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The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Bradley Edelman whose telephone number is 703-306-3041. The examiner can normally be reached from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Glen Burgess can be reached on 703-305-4792. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Bradley Edelman

September 7, 2004